

アゼルバイジャン経済情報

(公開情報とりまとめ)

【2026年1月10日～1月16日】

在アゼルバイジャン日本国大使館

1. エネルギー・環境



●2026年予算の前提価格は天然ガスが1,000立方メートルあたり440米ドル(前年比81.1%↑)と大幅増 原油(アゼリライト)は1バレル65米ドル(前年比5\$↓)

When preparing the draft consolidated budget and state budget for 2026, the price of 1,000 cubic meters of natural gas was set at \$440, based on information provided by BP, according to an opinion by the Chamber of Accounts on the 2026 budget of SOFAZ. This price is \$198, or 81.8%, higher than was in 2025. Meanwhile, the budget price of Azerbaijan's Azeri Light crude oil has been reduced by \$5, from \$70 per barrel to \$65, as previously announced. (report.az, 12.01.2026)

●油価1米ドルの変動で約1億米ドルが歳入に影響 SOFAZが2026年予算の感応度試算

A change of USD 1 in the oil export price could affect the revenues of SOFAZ by approximately USD 100 million. This is stated in the opinion of the Chamber of Accounts on SOFAZ's 2026 budget. It is noted that, amid expectations that international financial institutions' forecasts for Brent crude oil prices in 2026 will generally range between USD 60–65, SOFAZ has prepared the base scenario of its 2026 budget based on a price assumption of USD 65. As one of the key indicators in the formation of the Fund's revenues, the average annual export price of one barrel of oil for 2026 has been set at USD 65. Every USD 5 change in the average annual export price of one barrel of oil leads to an approximately USD 0.5 billion change in the Fund's revenues, which corresponds to an impact of USD 100 million per USD 1. (Apa, 12.01.2026)

●第12回南ガス回廊及び第4回グリーンエネルギー諮問委員会の閣僚級会合が3月上旬に開催予定

Baku will host the 12th ministerial meeting of the Southern Gas Corridor (SGC) Advisory Council and the 4th ministerial meeting of the Green Energy Advisory Council in early March, 2026, Azerbaijan's Energy Ministry said. (report.az, 12.01.2026)

●2025年の原油生産量はOPCE+の割当を日量平均9,100バレル下回る46万バレル

Daily crude oil production in Azerbaijan amounted to 62,400 tons or 460,000 barrels in 2025, Ministry of Energy said. Additionally, the country produced an average of 13,500 tons or 111,000 barrels of condensate last year. Overall, Azerbaijan's oil production (including condensate)

averaged 75,900 tons or 571,000 barrels per day. Within the framework of the OPEC+ agreement, Azerbaijan's oil production quota for the current year was 551,000 barrels per day. This means that Azerbaijan fell behind the OPEC+ quota by 91,000 barrels per day. (report.az, 12.01.2026)

●2025 年におけるアゼルバイジャンの発電量は約 286 億 kWh(前年比 0.9% ↑)

In 2025, the total electricity production in Azerbaijan increased by 262.3 million kWh (0.9%) compared to 2024 to reach 28,657.5 million kWh, the Ministry of Energy reported on Jan. 14. During this period, electricity generation at thermal power plants (TPPs) amounted to 24,823.4 million kWh (1.14 % increase), at hydroelectric power plants (HPPs) to 2,842.5 million kWh, and from other sources to 991.6 million kWh (18 % increase). In particular, 169.7 million kWh of electricity was generated at wind power plants (WPPs), 599.8 million kWh at solar power plants (SPPs), and 222.1 million kWh (4.47 % decrease) at the solid household waste incineration plant. Compared to 2024, electricity generation from wind and solar power plants increased 162.3 million kWh, or 26.7 %, reaching 769.5 million kWh. In 2025, Azerenerji OJSC generated 25,591.8 million kWh of electricity (including 22,703.6 million kWh at TPPs, 2,827.1 million kWh at HPPs, and 61.1 million kWh at SPPs), Azerishig OJSC generated 27 million kWh at WPPs, and independent power producers generated 3,38.7 million kWh. (Minenergy.gov.az, 14.01.2026)

●SOCAR がアゼルバイジャン産ガスをオーストリアとドイツに供給開始 欧州における販売先が 16 か国に増加

SOCAR entered a new stage in Azerbaijan’s gas exports by selling significant volumes of gas to the markets of Southern and Central Europe via the TAP. Thus, starting from January 2026, Azerbaijani gas will be supplied, among others, to buyers in Austria and Germany. The supply of Azerbaijani gas to Austria and Germany via Italy further expands its geographical reach across Europe. As a result, the number of countries purchasing Azerbaijani gas has reached 16. (Azertag, 16.01.2026)

2. マクロ経済・財政

公式為替レート(出典:中央銀行)

Date	01/07	01/08	01/09	01/12	01/13	01/14	01/15	01/16
USD/ AZN	1.7000	1.7000	1.7000	1.7000	1.7000	1.7000	1.7000	1.7000
EURO/AZN	1.9875↓	1.9857↓	1.9811↓	1.9816↑	1.9832↑	1.9795↓	1.9778↓	1.9738↓

●世銀予測によると 2026 年、2027 年におけるアゼルバイジャンの GDP 成長率はそれぞれ 1.8%、1.7%

The World Bank (WB) forecasts Azerbaijan's GDP growth at 1.8% in 2026 and 1.7% in 2027, reads the January edition of the WB's Global Economic Prospects update. (report.az, 14.01.2026)

●国家統計委員会によると 2026 年におけるアゼルバイジャンのインフレ率は 5.6%

State Statistical Committee informs that in 2026 inflation in Azerbaijan amounted to 5.6 % compared to 2025. (report.az, 14.01.2026)

3. 国内経済

●アゼルバイジャン鉄道公社(ADY)がギャンジャ・ガバラ間で定期旅客便 1月12日から運行開始
Starting January 12, 2026, Azerbaijan Railways CJSC (ADY), part of AZCON Holding, will launch regular daily passenger services on the Ganja–Gabala–Ganja route for the first time, aiming to enhance passenger convenience and regional connectivity. (Trend, 11.01.2026)

●アリエフ大統領がバクー・アブシェロン半島の水問題に対する国家計画を承認 2035年までに安定供給・損失削減目指す

On Jan. 12, President Aliyev presided over a meeting dedicated to the State Program for the improvement of water supply, wastewater, and stormwater systems in Baku and the Absheron Peninsula for 2026–2035. During his address President Aliyev said:

- Drinking water and sewage projects have been implemented in most of our cities, and this process continues. Over the past 20 years, we have built 4 large reservoirs with a total capacity of more than 500 million cubic meters. Among these, I should specifically mention the Takhtakorpu and Shamkirchay reservoirs. Had these reservoirs not been built, the water supply of Baku and the western regions could be facing serious problems today. The Takhtakorpu reservoir allowed us to channel the waters of the Samur River into the Jeyranbatan reservoir and maintain a strategic reserve there. This project also included a complete overhaul of the Jeyranbatan reservoir, along with the construction of a state-of-the-art water treatment complex.
- Today, we are implementing drinking water and irrigation projects in the liberated territories. Reservoirs that were once destroyed or rendered inoperative by Armenia have now been fully overhauled. Among them, I should first mention the Sarsang water reservoir, one of the largest not only in the liberated territories but also in our country as a whole. Today, the Sugovushan and Sarsang reservoirs have been completely rebuilt. In other liberated areas, the Kondalanchay and three reservoirs in Fuzuli district, as well as the Khachinchay reservoir in Aghdam district, have also been reconstructed. The Zabukhchay reservoir, fully rebuilt in Lachin district, is already in operation. The construction of two additional large reservoirs in the liberated territories — the Hakarichay and Bargushadchay reservoirs - is also on the agenda, and preparatory work is already underway.
- Approximately a quarter of our internal water sources come from territories that were once under occupation. Other important water sources for Azerbaijan are formed abroad — including the Kura River, the Araz River, and the Samur River. While focusing on domestic water management, we must also take this sensitive issue into account.
- Our goal is to provide sustainable water for the population, industry, and agriculture, protect water sources, increase reservoir capacity, ensure full accounting, and store water during the season so that it can be used throughout the year.
- Unfortunately, the drinking water problems in Baku and the Absheron Peninsula have persisted for many years. Some work has been done in this area; however, I believe the time has come to adopt a large-scale, comprehensive state program. This program will cover the city of Baku and its settlements, the city of Sumgayit, and the Absheron district. The preparation process began some time ago on my instructions, and the program is now nearly complete. Today, we will discuss it, review the work that has already been done, and determine what more needs to be accomplished.
- As mentioned, the primary goal of this program is to provide Baku and the Absheron Peninsula with sustainable drinking water. The program must be fully implemented by 2035.

The financial resources for its implementation have already been identified. Funding will come from two sources: the state budget and foreign loans.

- As a result of this program, around 30 new reservoirs will be constructed — major, large-scale infrastructure projects. Meter installation should reach 100 percent. Currently, 70 percent of the population receives uninterrupted drinking water; this figure is expected to rise to 95 percent. The water supply of Baku, Sumgayit, Absheron district, and 64 settlements will be significantly improved. More than 200 kilometers of main canals, along with an equal length of distribution networks, will be built or reconstructed.
- One of the main problems we face today is water loss. If losses were low, even the water reserves currently available to us could be sufficient. However, we must plan and calculate for the future. After all, the population is growing, our industry is expanding, and, naturally, so is demand. Therefore, sharply reducing water losses is one of our top priorities. Today, losses in this area account for approximately 40–45 percent. As mentioned, the implementation of this program is expected to significantly lower this figure.
- Currently, only 50 percent of the population has access to sewage services. As a result of this program, that figure is expected to increase to 95 percent. When heavy rains occur, urban transport can be paralyzed, causing very serious problems. Therefore, a new collector network will be built on 30 streets of Baku to manage rainwater.
- Water discharged into the sea must be fully purified. This is one of the key factors affecting the pollution of the Caspian Sea. Accordingly, additional measures will be taken. The modernization and expansion of the Hovsan water treatment plant are also planned.
- A digital management system should be applied across the water sector. For the first time, a desalination plant will be built in Azerbaijan to improve the water supply of the Absheron Peninsula. This process has already begun, and the project will be implemented entirely through foreign investment. It will increase the volume of water supplied to Baku and Absheron. Technological advances make this feasible, as the Caspian Sea is not highly saline. There is full confidence that desalination will provide clean, high-quality drinking water, while simultaneously creating a large resource base for irrigation.
- The Samur-Absheron water canal has been completely rebuilt. It is now fully lined with concrete, and water losses are minimal. However, additional measures are planned to further enhance the infrastructure of this canal and ensure a sustainable water supply to the Jeyranbatan reservoir. Currently, water enters Baku from five sources. The sixth source will be the desalination plant, and, of course, this flow must be fully secured.
- One of the major projects we have implemented over the past 20 years is the fully reconstructed Oghuz-Gabala-Baku water line. Had this water line not been built, Baku would be facing very serious water shortages today. (Azertag, 12.01.2026)

On Jan. 12, President Aliyev signed an order approving the “State Program for the improvement of water supply, wastewater, and stormwater systems in Baku and the Absheron Peninsula for 2026–2035.” According to the document, the Center for Analysis of Economic Reforms and Communication will monitor and evaluate the implementation of the measures envisaged in the State Program under the Cabinet of Ministers. The Ministry of Finance and the Ministry of Economy are tasked with taking appropriate measures to ensure financing through the annual state budget and state investment programs of the Republic of Azerbaijan, as well as attracting funds from other sources, in accordance with the financing mechanisms envisaged in the State Program. (Azertag, 12.01.2026)

●アリエフ大統領が「解放地域」を視察

On Jan. 13, President Aliyev visited liberated territories and:

- Attended opening of Tartar Electromechanical Plant after reconstruction in Tartar
- Inspected reconstruction progress in Chapar village in Aghdara district
- Attended opening of “Gozlukorpu” Hydroelectric Power Plant in Aghdara district
- Inspected reconstruction progress in Heyvali village, Aghdara district
- Inspected “Damirli” Ore Processing Complex in Janyataq village, Aghdara
- Inspected reconstruction progress in Childiran village, Aghdara district
- Inspected reconstruction progress in Ashaghi Oratagh village of Aghdara district VI
- Reviewed Master Plan of Aghdara city
- Met with residents of Ashaghi Oratagh, Childiran, Heyvali, and Chapar villages in Aghdara VI
- Laid foundation stone for Special Operations Center in Aghdara district. (Azertag, 13.01.2026)

●2025 年におけるHeydar・アリエフ国際空港の利用者は約 800 万人(前年比 30%↑) 国際線が主

Throughout 2025, Heydar Aliyev International Airport served more than 7.640 million passengers. International routes accounted for 6.895 million passengers, the airport informs. Of this volume, 51.2% were carried by foreign airlines, while 3.362 million passengers were transported by the national carrier. During the year, flights were operated to 75 international destinations by 40 foreign airlines. The most popular destinations included Istanbul, Tbilisi, Dubai, Ankara, and Moscow. At the same time, the number of transit passengers passing through Heydar Aliyev International Airport approximately 974,000 - an increase of approximately 30% compared to 750,000 recorded in 2024. (report.az, 14.01.2026)

●ナヒチバンで鉄道 10 駅を再建へ TRIPP に向け国内路線の整備が進展

Ten railway stations along the railway line in the Nakhchivan AR of Azerbaijan are planned to be rebuilt, Azerbaijan Railways (ADY) told on Jan. 14. According to ADY, along the 194.1-kilometer railway line, 814 engineering structures will also be constructed, including 29 bridges and 4 tunnels. This railway line will connect to the Zangazur corridor, ensuring both a direct land link between the main part of Azerbaijan and Nakhchivan, and access to Turkish and European markets as a segment of the Middle Corridor and North-South route. (report.az, 14.01.2026)

●アリエフ大統領がギャンジャ市及びシャムキル県に西部工業団地の建設を指示 企業支援と競争力強化を目指す

On Jan. 15, President Aliyev signed a decree on establishment of West Industrial Park in the territory of Ganja city and Shamkir district. The park is designed to provide modern infrastructure and management systems to support entrepreneurial activities, foster competitive production through advanced technologies, and facilitate the development of businesses. The Economic Zones Development Agency under the Ministry of Economy will oversee the park’s operation, management, and development. An initial allocation of 500,000 AZN from the President’s reserve fund in the 2026 state budget has been earmarked for planning and preparing the park’s infrastructure. (Azertag, 15.01.2026)

●国家観光庁がアゼルバイジャン初の国家観光計画を策定 2030 年までに 600 万人の観光客の受入れを目指す

Azerbaijan has drafted its first-ever State Program for Tourism Development, aimed at ensuring sustainable growth of the sector and increasing the number of tourists to 5–6 million in the medium term. The State Tourism Agency told that the program will cover the period from 2026 to 2030

and is currently at the approval stage. The Agency noted that while tourism development had previously been guided by strategic road maps, such a large-scale and phased state program is being developed for the first time. To achieve its targets, the program sets out specific implementation mechanisms and a detailed action plan. Priority areas include liberalization of airspace use, stimulation of international air connectivity, and the application of visa-free regimes to boost inbound tourism. Improving transport accessibility to key regional tourist centers is also highlighted as an important focus. The program envisages active promotion of Azerbaijan as a destination for gastronomic, health, winter, and eco-tourism. Plans include the creation of new beaches, increased investment in tourism and recreation zones, and support for micro and small businesses. Measures are also planned to improve the classification and registration system for tourism facilities, strengthen safety and quality standards, and expand advertising and SMM campaigns in target markets. In addition, the state program includes the development of tourism education programs, related infrastructure, the creation of a Tourism Information System, and support for research projects in the tourism sector. (report.az, 15.01.2026)

4. 対外経済関係

●アゼルバイジャンが2027年横浜国際園芸博への参加を正式表明 テーマは「共存」

Azerbaijan has officially confirmed its participation in the Expo 2027 Yokohama International Horticultural Exhibition, following the signing of a relevant agreement between the Japan Association for the International Horticultural Exhibition and the Heydar Aliyev Center on behalf of the Azerbaijani state. Expo 2027 Yokohama will take place from March 19 to September 26, 2027, in the city of Yokohama, located in Japan's Kanagawa Prefecture. Held under the theme "Scenery of the Future for Happiness," the international exhibition is expected to attract more than 15 million visitors. Azerbaijan's national pavilion will be developed within the exhibition's "Co-existence" sub-theme, showcasing the country's vision and contributions in this area. (Azer News, 12.01.2026)

●アゼルバイジャン産ガソリンのアルメニアへの輸出が継続中 ジョージア経由の貨物列車で輸送

The supply of petroleum products from Azerbaijan to Armenia continues. On Jan.11, a train comprising of 18 wagons carrying 979 tons of A-92 grade motor fuel departed from Bilajari station toward Boyuk Kesik. The shipment will be delivered to Armenia via transit through Georgia. As a reminder, on Jan. 9, 2026, a total of 2,698 tons of petroleum products - transported in 48 wagons - were dispatched from the Bilajari station to Armenia. This shipment included 1,742 tons of A-95 gasoline and 956 tons of diesel fuel. Earlier, on December 18, 1,220 tons of A-95 grade motor fuel were also sent from Baku to Armenia. (Azertag, 11.01.2026)

●ママドフ農業大臣がイスラエルを訪問 農業研究機関、畜産施設及び養殖施設等を視察

A delegation led by Azerbaijan's Minister of Agriculture Majnun Mammadov is on a visit to Israel. As part of the visit, the delegation is expected to visit leading research and development centers in the field of agriculture in Israel, as well as participate in the "Sea of the Future" II Blue Food Security Global Summit.

- On the first day of the visit, Mammadov met with Israeli Minister of Agriculture and Agrarian Development Avi Dichter. Dichter expressed his gratitude for the support provided by Azerbaijan to Israel's food security during difficult times. It was emphasized that the discussions to be held by Avi Dichter will contribute to increasing trade turnover in the agricultural sector, transferring modern technologies in the fields of animal husbandry and seed production, expanding cooperation on agricultural research and experimental

programs, as well as increasing the opportunities for using Israeli experience in the field of irrigation. Mammadov stated that both sides are interested in further deepening cooperation in the agricultural sector. A mutual initial agreement was reached on further improving the Road Map for agricultural cooperation signed in Baku 2 years ago.

- Mammadov also got acquainted with the activities of the Volcani Institute Agricultural Research Center. The parties extensively discussed the possibilities of cooperation between scientific research institutes and research centers operating in the agricultural field of Azerbaijan and Israel. (report.az, 11.01.2026)

Visit of the Azerbaijani delegation led by Minister of Agriculture Majnun Mammadov to Israel continues. The delegation familiarized itself with the operations of the livestock complex under the Israeli Ministry of Agriculture and Food Security, engaged in scientific studies on dairy cattle breeding, as well as leading processing enterprises producing dairy products. The delegation also visited the artificial insemination center and farms specializing in milk production. The guests were informed about development of livestock farming in Israel, research conducted to improve breed qualities, the establishment of the dairy product processing chain, and access to local and international markets. (Azertag, 13.01.2026)

As part of their visit to Israel, the Azerbaijani delegation led by Minister of Agriculture Majnun Mammadov familiarized themselves with the activities of Israel's National Aquaculture Center and the SeaNovation Innovation Center in the city of Eilat. The delegation first toured Israel's National Aquaculture Center, receiving detailed briefings on its operations. During the visit, discussions were held on potential cooperation between Azerbaijan and Israel in aquaculture and agricultural biotechnology, including specialist training, staff exchanges, and joint scientific research projects. The delegation then visited the SeaNovation Innovation Center in Eilat, where they learned about innovative solutions in agriculture, startups supported under acceleration programs, and mechanisms for developing the startup ecosystem. The parties explored possible areas of cooperation in the application of innovations. (Azertag, 14.01.2026)

●ママドフ農業大臣がイスラエルと人工授精センターの共同設立や技術・専門家育成等につき協議

Azerbaijan and Israel discussed the possibility of establishing a joint artificial insemination center in Azerbaijan, as well as development of technical knowledge and specialist potential in this field, Azerbaijani Agriculture Minister Majnun Mammadov said. "On the next day of our visit to Israel, we visited a number of strategically important enterprises that hold leading positions in the country's agroindustrial sector. During the visit, we visited a farm owned by 3 kibbutz communities with an annual production capacity of 12,000 tons of milk, as well as Israel's largest artificial insemination center (SION) and a modern milk processing enterprise that provides a significant part of the country's population with dairy products," Mammadov wrote on X. "Within the framework of the meetings, we discussed the sharing of best international practices and the possibility of establishing a joint artificial insemination center in Azerbaijan, as well as the development of technical knowledge and specialist potential in this field. In addition, a detailed exchange of views was held on state support mechanisms, investment incentives, and the regulatory framework in the dairy processing industry," he noted. (report.az, 14.01.2026)

●アゼルバイジャン投資ホールディングがイスラエルの海水淡水化事業に最大 2.7 億米ドルの投資の可能性 イスラエル IDE 社株式の 30%の取得を検討

Azerbaijan may invest up to USD 270 million in a water desalination project in Israel. The Azerbaijan Investment Holding (AIH) is conducting due diligence ahead of the planned acquisition of a 30% stake in Israel's IDE company, which specializes in water desalination. IDE is the largest desalination company in Israel, responsible for 45% of the country's desalinated water. If the deal

goes through, it will become Azerbaijan's second-largest state investment in Israel. The first such investment was made in the summer of 2025, when SOCAR acquired a 10% stake in the Tamar gas field for USD 1.25 billion. (Apa, 12.01.2026)

●米国貿易開発庁(USTDA)代表団がバクーを訪問 デジタル開発、経済、エネルギー等で協力可能性を模索

- On Jan. 12, Deputy Minister of Digital Development and Transport Samaddin Asadov met with a delegation led by Carl Kress, Regional Director of the U.S. Trade and Development Agency (USTDA). An exchange of views was held on the prospects for cooperation between the Ministry and the U.S. Trade and Development Agency in the construction of data centers for railway infrastructure, telecommunications, space technologies, and artificial intelligence technologies.
- On Jan. 12, First Deputy Minister of Economy Elnur Aliyev met with the USTDA delegation. They discussed prospects for developing cooperation between Azerbaijan and the United States in the fields of economy and trade, energy, investment, transport-transit, industry, and other areas. The sides exchanged views on potential joint projects within the framework of cooperation with USTDA. Discussions also covered the expansion of the Azerbaijan–US economic and trade partnership, the prospects of the Trump Route for International Peace and Prosperity (TRIPP), and other mutually beneficial cooperation opportunities and possibilities for implementing joint initiatives.
- On Jan.12, Deputy FM Elnur Mammadov met with the USTDA delegation. The meeting focused on the current state of bilateral cooperation in such areas as energy, trade, regional communications, including the TRIPP, and investments, also discussing the introduction of representatives of the U.S. private sector to the relevant infrastructure and logistics opportunities in Azerbaijan, and the development of cooperation. (Azertag and Apa, 12.01.2026)

●ヘイダロフ非常事態大臣がパレスチナ大使と会談 緊急事態における協力強化を確認

On Jan. 12, Kamaladdin Heydarov, Azerbaijan's Minister of Emergency Situations met with Ahmed Metani, Palestinian Ambassador to Azerbaijan. Heydarov briefed the Ambassador on the Ministry's efforts to combat emergency situations. The Minister also underscored that the meeting with Akram Thawabta, Chief of Civil Defense of Palestine, on the sidelines of the 58th session of the Executive Council of the International Civil Defense Organization (ICDO) held in Baku last year, contributed to enhancing collaboration between the relevant institutions of the two countries. Ambassador Metani stressed that he would spare no effort to enhance bilateral cooperation in combating emergency situations. The meeting also addressed other issues of mutual interest. (Azertag, 12.01.2026)

●第6回アゼルバイジャン・イタリア経済協力合同委員会がバクーで開催 2026-2027年の行動計画を採択

The 6th Meeting of the Joint Intergovernmental Commission on Economic Cooperation between Azerbaijan and Italy was held in Baku on Jan. 13. Prior to the meeting, the co-chairs of the Commission-Minister of Energy of Azerbaijan Parviz Shahbazov and Deputy Minister of Foreign Affairs and International Cooperation of Italy Edmondo Cirielli held a bilateral meeting. The sides discussed strengthening high-level political and economic relations through new projects, energy security, partnership with the European Union, and priority areas of bilateral cooperation. During the meeting of the intergovernmental commission, the sides reviewed the political cooperation and the development of collaboration in trade, economy, industry, energy, transport, information

and communication technologies, healthcare, science, culture and other areas. In conclusion, the Protocol on the outcomes of the 6th meeting of the Azerbaijan-Italy Joint Intergovernmental Commission was signed, and an Action Plan providing for the implementation of 65 activities across 18 areas for 2026-2027 was adopted. (Azertag, 13.01.2026)

●**アゼルバイジャン・イタリアビジネスフォーラムがバクーで開催**

Baku hosted the Azerbaijan-Italy Business Forum on Jan. 14. The meeting, held between AZPROMO and Italian Trade Agency (ITA), was attended by representatives of Alat Free Economic Zone, Italian Deposits and Loans Fund, and other officials. The meeting reviewed potential areas of cooperation with the Italian institutions, focusing on Azerbaijan's investment opportunities, as well as the Alat Free Economic Zone. The meeting also discussed the MoU to be signed between AZPROMO and ITA during the upcoming Azerbaijan-Italy Business Forum and the Action Plan. (Azertag, 14.01.2026)

●**アゼルバイジャンとイタリアの税関当局が協力意思宣言に署名 リスク管理や AI 活用等で連携を模索**

The International Cooperation Department of Azerbaijan's State Customs Committee and the International Relations Department of the Customs and Monopolies Agency of Italy signed a Declaration of Intent in Baku on Jan. 14. During the meeting with by Andrea Mazzella, Head of the International Relations Department, an exchange of views took place on the prospects for developing cooperation between the customs authorities of Azerbaijan and Italy. Risk management, combating violations of customs legislation, customs procedures implemented using artificial intelligence, and the possibility of exchanging experience between the customs authorities of the two countries in the field of e-commerce were also discussed. (Azertag, 14.01.2026)

●**アゼルバイジャンからの輸入で長年の燃料独占解消 アルメニア首相、アゼルバイジャンとの貿易に関する懸念には根拠がないと指摘**

Gasoline imports from Azerbaijan will eliminate long-standing fuel monopolies in Armenia, Armenia's Prime Minister Nikol Pashinyan said on Jan. 13. He stated that fuel prices in the Armenian market have decreased by an average of 15 % as a result of fuel imports from Azerbaijan. Pashinyan also described concerns voiced by opponents of trade with Baku as unfounded. According to him, peace has been established between the parties, and this peace will be placed on "institutional tracks" in the future. (Apa, 13.01.2026)

●**地雷対策庁 (ANAMA) と EU が地雷対策の新たな協カイニシアチブにつき協議 協力拡大を確認**

On Jan. 14, Samir Poladov, Deputy Chairman of the Board of Azerbaijan's Mine Action Agency (ANAMA), met with a delegation of the European External Action Service (EEAS). The sides exchanged views on the European Union's support for mine action activities in Azerbaijan, new cooperation initiatives, as well as other issues of mutual interest. The meeting was also attended by Head of the European Union Delegation to Azerbaijan, Ambassador Marijana Kujundžić. (Azertag, 14.01.2026)

●**アゼルバイジャン、対中銅輸出本格化へ アグダラ県産精鉱 8.5 万トン計画**

In 2025-2030, Azerbaijan plans to export to China 85,000 tons of copper in the form of concentrate worth 1.6 billion manats (\$941.2 million) from Damirli Ore Processing Complex located in the village of Janyataq in Aghdara district. This information was presented to President Aliyev during

his participation in the opening ceremony of the complex on Jan. 14. At the same time, an increase in copper reserves at the deposit is forecast in the coming years. According to preliminary geological exploration data, approximately 470,000 tons of additional copper reserves are estimated to be available. The extractable volume of these reserves will be clarified following a four-year geological exploration and research program. The complex includes a copper flotation plant, a wet tailings storage facility, an electrical substation, and other infrastructure. Covering a total area of 929 hectares designated for mining and production, the complex has been reconstructed using Turkish and German technologies. Private investments amounting to 15.3 million manats (\$9million) were directed to the reconstruction and restoration works. (Azertag, 13.01.2026)

●**米のイラン制裁強化策、アゼルバイジャンも対象に 対米輸出は10%から25%に引上げ**

The United States is intensifying sanctions supporting actions against the ruling regime in Iran. On Jan. 12, US President Donald Trump said that the US will impose a 25 % customs duty on all countries trading with Iran. This decision also applies to Azerbaijan. Currently, Azerbaijani products enter the US with a 10 percent duty. Note that from January to November 2025, the US ranked fifth among Azerbaijan's main trading partners. Of the trade turnover, \$1,308.8 million belonged to US exports, and \$56.2 million to Azerbaijani exports. In trade with Iran, from January to November 2025, exports amounted to \$9.4 million and imports to \$558.7 million. (Medianews.az, 14.01.2026)

●**世銀がアゼルバイジャンとアルメニアの和平進展が地域の安定と経済統合に寄与すると評価**

The WB expects the peace agreement between Armenia and Azerbaijan, initialed in August 2025, to contribute to greater stability and deeper regional integration, reads the January edition of the WB's Global Economic Prospects update. "Geopolitical tensions remain a significant downside risk for ECA, with risk and uncertainty remaining elevated and exceeding pre-invasion levels. A prolonged extension or intensification of Russia's invasion could further weaken Ukraine's economy and sustain high geopolitical uncertainty. Potential setbacks in the Armenia-Azerbaijan peace process also add to downside risks. Conversely, an earlier-than-expected end of hostilities associated with Russia's invasion could accelerate reconstruction-driven investment in Ukraine and boost regional investor confidence. Progress in the Armenia-Azerbaijan peace process could strengthen South Caucasus integration," reads the update. (report.az, 14.01.2026)

●**パキスタン・イスラマバードで初の ASAN サービスセンターが開設**

The opening ceremony of the ASAN Service center was held in Islamabad, Pakistan, State Agency for Public Service and Social Innovations under the President of Azerbaijan said. The ceremony was attended by Pakistan's Prime Minister Muhammad Shehbaz Sharif, members of the Pakistani government, and a delegation led by Ulvi Mehdiyev, Chairman of the Agency. It was noted that at the initial stage, the Pakistan ASAN Service center will provide 64 services through 12 government institutions. The center applies ASAN Service standards, the ASAN volunteer program, and innovative solutions developed by ASAN. Azerbaijan has signed agreements with 30 countries and international organizations on the export of its ASAN Service model. Service centers based on this model are already operating in 6 countries - Indonesia, Uzbekistan, Ethiopia, Uganda, Afghanistan, and now Pakistan. (report.az, 15.01.2026)

●**カザフスタンが中央回廊の整備のため国際金融機関等から3億米ドルの資金を調達**

The International Finance Corporation (IFC), the Multilateral Investment Guarantee Agency (MIGA), the Asian Infrastructure Investment Bank (AIIB), and Standard Chartered have

allocated \$300 million (the equivalent in Swiss francs) to Kazakhstan's national railway operator for the development of the Middle Corridor, IFC Managing Director Makhtar Diop said. Diop noted that the funds are being allocated for the construction of a 130-kilometer electrified rail bypass around Almaty. The bypass is expected to reduce congestion around Almaty by more than 40 percent, cut delivery times by up to 24 hours, and improve freight flows along the Trans-Caspian Transport Corridor (Middle Corridor). The financing comprises an IFC investment of up to \$50 million, an AIIB loan of up to \$150 million, and an SC loan of up to \$100 million supported by a proposed MIGA guarantee. (report.az, 14.01.2026)

●**ジャバロフ経済大臣がベトナムの電気自動車メーカーVinFastとSDGsや経済の多角化及びEV生産につき意見交換**

On Jan. 15, Azerbaijani Minister of Economy Mikayil Jabbarov met with a delegation led by Le Thi Thu Thuy, Chairwoman of the Board of Directors of Vietnam's VinFast company. During the meeting, the parties exchanged views on cooperation between business communities to diversify economic relations with Vietnam, priorities for sustainable development, and Azerbaijan's favorable business climate. They also discussed opportunities for joint activities in the production of electric vehicles. (Azertag, 15.01.2026)

●**アゼルバイジャン運輸通信ホールディング社(AZCON)副社長が中国中車傘下南京浦鎮有限会社と意見交換 地下鉄や鉄道部門における協力機会等を模索**

On Jan. 15, Deputy Executive Director of Azerbaijan Transport and Communication Holding (AZCON) Vugar Mirzazade met with a delegation led by Xu Haidan, CEO of China Railway Wagon Corporation's Nanjing Puzhen company. As part of the meeting, opportunities for cooperation on projects implemented in the metro and railway sectors were discussed. Next steps for potential cooperation in the areas of air transport and urban mobility were also identified. (Apa, 15.01.2026)

●**ママドフ農業大臣がイスラエルで開催された「ブルーフード安全保障」国際会合に参加 カスピ海水産資源の持続可能な発展と食品安全戦略を説明**

On Jan. 15, Azerbaijan's Minister of Agriculture Majnun Mammadov participated in the Global Ministerial - Panel Discussion held in Eilat, Israel, as part of "Sea the Future: The 2nd Global Summit on Blue Food Security". Addressing the panel discussion on "Global Leadership in the Blue Food Security Process," the Minister said that Azerbaijan's long-term strategy for the development of fisheries and aquaculture aims to protect the aquaculture resources of the Caspian Sea and inland water bodies, while contributing to the country's food security through their sustainable development. Mammadov noted that in previous years, Azerbaijan approached aquaculture development primarily from an environmental protection perspective. He stressed that while this approach remains in place, enhancing the economic potential of aquaculture has now become an important component of the strategy. Building fisheries policy on transparent and scientifically grounded mechanisms, he said, enables both ecosystem protection and the efficient use of existing resources. The Minister also emphasized that Azerbaijan attaches great importance to the application of scientific innovations, the use of advanced technologies, and the expansion of international cooperation in the development of fisheries and aquaculture. (Azertag, 15.01.2026)

●**ママドフ農業大臣がガーナの水産・養殖大臣と会談 農業分野の協力拡大や農業教育の促進につき意見交換**

On Jan. 15, Azerbaijan's Minister of Agriculture Majnun Mammadov met with Emelia Arthur, Minister for Fisheries and Aquaculture of Ghana, on the sidelines of the "Sea the Future: The 2nd Global Summit on Blue Food Security," held in Israel. During the meeting, the ministers underscored the strong potential for further expanding cooperation between Azerbaijan and Ghana in various areas, including agriculture, as well as increasing trade turnover in agricultural products. Arthur emphasized Ghana's interest in cooperation with Azerbaijan in the field of aquaculture, highlighting the broad prospects for implementing joint projects in this area. The meeting also included an exchange of views on cooperation in agricultural education, opportunities for Ghanaian youth to study at Azerbaijan State Agricultural University, and other issues of mutual interest. (Azertag, 15.01.2026)

●2026年バクー開催のイスラム開発銀行年次総会の準備本格化 組織委員会が行動計画を策定
A meeting of the Organizing Committee established to oversee preparations for the 2026 Annual Meetings of the Islamic Development Bank (IsDB) Group in Baku was held at the Cabinet of Ministers on Jan. 15. Opening the meeting, Deputy Prime Minister and Chairman of the Organizing Committee Samir Sharifov outlined the key tasks facing the committee, which were defined in accordance with Presidential Order No. 711 dated September 8, 2025. He emphasized that hosting the IsDB Group Annual Meetings in Baku from June 16 to 19, 2026, is of great importance in strengthening Azerbaijan's international standing. Participants discussed the work already completed, the current status of preparations, and priority tasks along with their implementation timeline. The meeting also reviewed issues requiring special attention, the draft Action Plan for the annual meetings, and other agenda items, with relevant decisions adopted. The Islamic Development Bank, comprising 57 member countries, was established in 1973 and is headquartered in Jeddah, Saudi Arabia. Azerbaijan has been a member of the Bank since 1992. (Azertag, 15.01.2026)

●英国企業 Anglo Asian Mining のアゼルバイジャンでの 2025 年における金生産量が前年の約 1.66 倍、銅生産は 21 倍に急増
The UK-based gold, copper, and silver producer operating in Azerbaijan, Anglo Asian Mining (AAM), significantly increased its gold production last year. The mining company's gold production in 2025 amounted to 25,061 ounces, which is 66% higher than in 2024. Gold output came in at the lower end of the revised forecast range of 25,000–28,000 ounces. AAM's copper production in 2025 totaled 7,915 tonnes, which is 21 times higher than the previous year and represents the highest annual copper production in the company's history. The increase in production is mainly attributed to the expansion of operations at the Gedabey mine and the commencement of production at the Demirli mine. During the reporting period, the company's silver production reached 153,332 ounces, a 5.4-fold increase. (Apa, 15.01.2026)

●ムサエフ保健大臣とトルコ・ウフク大学の代表団が会見 生殖医療分野での共同研究や交通事故被害者のリハビリ、人材育成などで連携
On Jan. 15, Teymur Musayev, Azerbaijan's Minister of Health met with a delegation of Türkiye led by Professor Recai Pabuçcu, President of the Road Accident Assistance Foundation of the Ufuk University (Ankara), with Rector of Ufuk University, Professor Ahmed Hakan Haliloğlu also in attendance. The meeting focused on healthcare and opportunities for international cooperation, the exchange of experience in scientific research and personnel training, medical rehabilitation, and improving medical services provided to individuals injured as a result of road traffic accidents. The parties exchanged views on increasing the quality of healthcare services, applying modern approaches in rehabilitation and prevention, organizing experience-exchange

programs for medical students and residents, conducting joint research in reproductive medicine, as well as the possibilities for implementing joint projects in these areas. (Azertag, 15.01.2026)

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